

記号	英	番号	
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検査V

英語解答例

		Q1	(a)	Q2	(b)	Q3	(c)
I	A	Q4	(例) Because strange noises were heard in the basement.				
		Q5	(例) Reviving Tourism on the Tube				
		Q1	(例) To cure sleepiness.				
	B	Q2	(例) People tend to think of those who get sufficient sleep as being lazy or slothful.				
		Q3	(例) Regularity: Going to bed at the same time is important. Darkness: Dim your lights about an hour before sleep. Temperature: The bedroom shouldn't be too warm (as our body needs to drop its core temperature.) Walk it out : You should leave the bed if you can't sleep. Caffeine and alcohol: Try to avoid taking them before going to bed.				

I 配点 2点×3【AQ1Q2Q3】+3点×5【AQ4Q5BQ3】+4点×1【BQ1】+5点×1【BQ2】=30点

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英語解答例

II	Q1	① commemorative gifts : (例) Gifts to honor the great behavior of people.
		② janitors : (例) People who are employed to clean a building and make minor repairs.
	Q2	Fact-Finding question : (例) What did the Japanese fans do at the Doha stadium on Wednesday?
		Inferential question : (例) What does the last quote in the article, "It's not only three points that Japan have in the bag" mean?
	Q3	[A] (例) when you leave a place, leave the place cleaner than you first found it
		[B] (例) I think the purpose, besides saving the school money by not employing cleaning staff, is to teach the students personal responsibility and to prepare them for the working world
	Q4	[C] (例) I found it interesting that Japanese students clean their classrooms and hallways. I think that's why tidiness is widely accepted as a virtue, particularly in public spaces. (1) You should be proud of it. Do you have other Japanese school customs you would like to introduce to people abroad ?
		[D] (例) Tries writing to communicate relevant information in a detailed description of your thoughts and opinions (2)
		[E] (例) Some errors are present, but the English text is written in a way that does not interfere with comprehension.

II 配点 2点×4【Q1,Q2】+4点×4【Q3,Q4(2)】+6点【Q4(1)】=30点

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英語解答例

III	Q1	(例) The underlined part (1) refers to desks and chairs that fit the needs of children artistically, hygienically, and educationally. These types of desks and chairs allow children to work.			
	Q2	(2a)	(d)	(2b)	(a)
		(2c)	(b)	(2d)	(c)
	Q3	[3a] (例) children	[3b] (例) school	[3c] (例) home	
	Q4	<4a> (b)	<4b> (a)	<4c> (c)	
Q5	(例) The author states that education is trying to improve by moving the focus away from teachers and textbooks to the child himself. In this type of educational system, the child's life and development is at the center of attention rather than the class content itself.				

III配点 2点×7【Q2, Q4】+ 3点×4【Q1, Q3】+ 4点【Q5】=30点

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検査V

英語解答例

IV	Q1	①	<p>(例)</p> <p>Shopping at a convenience store makes us feel fulfilled because we are able to get whatever we need in a shop as big as a room. It might be a kind of the place where we feel comfortable between the office or school and home.</p>
		②	<p>(例)</p> <p>Some stores such as drug stores also are open 24 hours unlike in the past. It can lead to excessive competition and overwork for store owners.</p>
		③	<p>(例)</p> <p>when we go camping, by taking time to set up our tent and make our fire and cook, we realize how precious the time with nature is.</p>
	Q2		<p>(例)</p> <p>Generally, convenience may be defined as quickness or not requiring effort and thought. While science has made it easy for us to get what we want instantly, sometimes, inconvenience can help us to improve ourselves. For example, if there is always a convenience store nearby, when we forget things, we will just go there to get what we need. If we do this often, we will tend not to plan our shopping. Especially in terms of education, we should sometimes accept inconvenience to learn the importance of proper preparation.</p>

IV配点 8点【Q1①】+5点×2【Q1②③】+12点【Q2】=30点